ANOTHER RUINED HOUSEHOLD

A Beautiful Woman Charged With a Heinous Crime.

SHE WAS MARRIED WHEN A CHILD.

Councilman Bedford Disgusted With Public Life-The Packers' Assembly-Doings in the Courts-City News.

A Sorrowful Tale.

Another ruined home, another sorrowing wife, another revengeful husband and children smirched with the grime of shame! Mrs. W. P. Welch, the wife of a real estate agent, and sort of catch-as-catch-can business man, who resides at 1706 Davenport street, is a remorseful prisoner at the police station, charged with adultery. Mrs. Welch is more than an ordinarily pretty woman, of medium stature, but with a form that is the picture of grace and symmetry. Her hair is darkblack as the raven's wing-and inclined to wave, while her eyes, under beautifully arched brows, are of that indescribably enticing gray of which poets are wont to rave. She is an intelligent little woman, too, and told her unhappy story to a BEE reporter with that air of refinement that always de-

with that air of refinement that always denotes a certain familiarity with the better circles of life. She said:

"I was married when I was but fourteen years of age; now I am thirty-eight. My parents resided here in Omaha, and the man whom I have called husband for the past fourteen years was a boarder at our house. My parents were very strict with me, in truth, despite the fact that I was an only child, ill-treated and abused me, for some inexplicable cause, from my infancy. I never knew the love, the solicitude and watchful care of a mother, for it was she who was especially cruel to me. Mr. Welch was kind to me in those days; he talked and advised with me, in fact made love to me and finally induced me to run away from home and marry him. However, when I did finally consent to take this step I knew no affection for the man; it was simply a respectful regard, and the hope that in him I had found a friend who would protect me and give me a happy home. We were married at Plattsmouth, and went to keeping house there. and went to keeping house there We lived peacefully and happily, as happ ness goes with those who have been so if starred as to have never known what real contentment meant, until after the birth of my second child. I have but two children, and sweet children they are, too, and I love them with all my heart and soul, but I can not see them, in truth I do not know where they are. But to go back: After Jennie was born, my husband began to abuse me, and while he never struck or beat me, he made me work to support him in idleness, and made our little home a hell on earth, sometimes, when in ill-health myself, our condition was really a piteous one. Often there wasn't a bite to eat in the house, and myself and children would certainly have starved had it not been for the generous intervention of neighbors. A year or so ago we came to Omaha, and I took in boarders, my husband refusing to contribute to my own or the children's support. Mr. Seward was one of our boarders. He Mr. Seward was one of our boarders. He used to bring things to eat to the house, for myself and the children, and was very kind in other ways. Mr. Welch became jealous and finally accused Mr. Seward of evil designs and said he had come there to break up our home. He left, and then my lot became a harder one than ever, my boarders one by one departed, until I found myself in a position of abject want. One day in my desperation I sent for Mr. Seward. I meant to ask him for aid. He came and my husband met him, shook hands with him and asked him to stay with us. But he refused. After he had gone Mr. Welch called me all the frightful names he was capable of, and I think he can use the vilest language that ever flowed from human lips. I left him then, and went to Mrs. Dungreen's on Sixteenth street, and took in sewing. He took the children from me, and kept up such a systematic course of persecution that I was obliged to leave here secretly. I went to the corner of Ninth and Harney, and under the assumed name of Mrs. Stewart, again supported myself with the needle. I changed my name in order

that he might not find me. Oh, yes, I saw Mr. Seward in the meantime. He was a true, good friend of mine and advised me to return to my husband and children and make another attempt to live happily. I did not do this—I knew that it was useless. No, God is my witness, there are no improper relations existing between Mr. Seward and myself. I hardly think I would marry him were I released, but he has my undying gratitude. I declined his advice, to resume my story, and instead applied for as to resume my story, and instead applied for as divorce in the courts here upon the grounds of non-support and extreme cruelty. Mr. Richof non-support and extreme crueity. Mr. Richard Hall is my lawyer. On my taking this step Mr. Seward left Omaha. He went to Jackson, Mich. His mother was not expected to live. Mr. Welch had threatened to kill us both, but Mr. Seward did not leave through fear of him. He is a bully and a coward, of course, and no honest man need have any fear of such creatures as he coward, of course, and no honest man need have any fear of such creatures as he. Mr. Seward returned last Monday. I sent for him to come to the Cozzens house, where I have been residing for the past several weeks, the change being made necessary by my husband ferreting me out at my previous abode. I told Mr. Julian, clerk at the Cozzens, and asked to be protected from Mr. Welch. Well, Mr. Seward called on me. I told him my situation and he said he would see me through my troubles at any cost. Monday evening, while Mr. Seward and another gentleman, and froubles at any cost. Monday evening, while Mr. Seward and another gentleman, and three other ladies were in my room at the hotel, my husband, with a policeman, appeared upon the scene and arrested us—that is, Mr. Seward and myself—upon a foul charge manufactured by that man."

Such was the story of Mrs. Welsh, The husband's narrative, of course, varies from the above and in substance was

varies from the above, and in substance was as follows: 'My name is W. P. Welch. . E. E. Seward,

a brakeman on the Union Pacific railroad, is the name of my wife's seducer. They are both here under arrest. The day after Thanksgiving my wife abandoned her home and children and went off with this snake in human guise. He took her to a private boarding house on Cuming street, but boarded boarding house on Cuming street, but boarded himself at the Cozzens hotel. The people at the Cuming street house put my wife out when they learned who and what she was, and she then went to the Cozzens. I took Officer Johnson there last night and had them arrested on a charge of adultery. My wife's maiden name was Sarah Jane Beard. Her father was a well-to-de farmer. I married her when she well-to-do farmer. I married her when she was a young girl. She was very pretty and I loved her dearly. I made a good support I loved her dearly. I made a good support for her and we were happy until Seward entered our home. He led my wife astray, dishonored my name and my children's and broke up my home. I should have killed him months ago. The world justifies all such killings. And I came very near murdering them both once. It was on the 19th of June last. I caught them in the wine room of a salcon on Six. them in the wine room of a saloon on Six teenth street. Her own father told me they were in there. I went in with a club, but when I was about to strike them, I thought of my dear little boy and girl. Who would be left to care for them? The thought unmanned me and I rushed into the street. I have always done well, and for twelve years kept a livery stable at the corner of Thirteenth and Howard streets. and Howard streets. No, there is no possible prospect of a reconciliation between me and my wife—she has gone too far. I pity her." Being through with Mr. Welch the reporter sought out Mr. Seward in his cell. He is rather a fine looking fellow, and seems in nowise disconcerted over the position in which he finds himself. He fully corroborated the wife's story, and was emphatic in his demais of illicit relations with her. On being arraigned Mrs. Welch and Sew-ard both pleaded not guilty, and not being

ready for trial they were placed under a bond of \$500 each for their appearance next Friday afternoon. This bond they furnished

BEDFORD DISGUSTED.

Why He Has Been Prevented From Leaving the Council.

A reporter for the BEE called yesterday on Councilman Bedford and playfully asked him what percentage of the fifty per cent demanded by the councilmanic boodlers for voting affirmatively on the gas bill he ex-

pected to receive. Mr. Bedford smiled and said that he didn't

expect to get a penny of the amount. The charge didn't effect him. He wasn't doing that kind of business. The stand he had taken upon the gas question had already been stated in the papers. The contract with the gas company had been made by a preceding council. If the city owed the gas company \$45,508.57 why the city should pay that amount. But as it appeared from the records, or at least from the showing of the city auditor the city owed only \$22,000. He favored the payment of that sum, and if the gas company held that more was due them they could take the mat-

that sum, and if the gas company held that more was due them they could take the matter to the courts. That was the proper place to adjust the difficulty. That was why he favored the payment of the amount upon which there was no dispute.

Mr. Bedford further said that on the question of the city hall he favored leaving the hall where it was originally intended to locate it. He then said: "I am tired of this business. I got tired last fall and if I could have done so would have resigned. But I could not do it without putting the city to the cost of \$1,500 or \$1,800. I spoke to City Attorney Webster about the matter and was told that it was his opinion if I resigned, as I had been elected at large, it would require another election all over the city to elect my successor. That would require judges and clerks sor. That would require judges and clerks in every polling precinct in the city. About that time, you know, we held a bond election, and I asked Mr. Webster whether the judges and clerks in that election could not act in a

and clerks in that election could not act in a similar capacity in the election of my succes-sor, and thus save expense. He said he did not think it could be done. In other words, he inclined to the belief that an extra corps of clerks and judges should be employed. Now in March we are going to hold another election; this time, for bonds, and I had thought that at the same time an election could be called to select a successorto me but thought that at the same time an election could be called to select a successorto me, but I fear from Mr. Webster's opinion, the thing can't be done. It is just like this [moving his hand back and forth], as to whether I remain in the council. Last fall I got disgusted with the business. It interferes with my private affairs. Now that I have taken the stand, I felt bound to take on the gas bill, if the gas company sees fit to do so, they may discontinue their relations with me, because I sell them their coal."

I sell them their coal."

D. T. Mount was present during the conversation and held strongly to the opinion that the council could call a special election for a successor to Mr. Bedford at the same time as the bond election in March, and that the judges and clerks who should officiate at that election could act in the matter of the successor of Mr. Bedford at large,

THE PACKERS ASSEMBLY. South Omaha Meat Men Will Join

the New District. For some time past a movement has been on foot to organize a district assembly of the Knights of Labor with headquarters at Chicago to be composed entirely of packing house employes from that city, Omaha, St. Louis, Sioux City and Kansas City. The movement has been a successful one so far and although the members in this city are somewhat reticent concerning the matter a BEE reporter obtrined information yesterday BEE reporter obtrined information yesterday morning that a decision had already been reached in the matter by the local assemblies in South Omaha and at the proper time all members employed in packing houses would withdraw from their local assemblies and ask for a charter for a new one which would be attached to the new district. The organization in South Omaha is especially strong, nearly nine-tenths of the men employed being members. The object of this ployed being members. The object of this movement is to unify the interests of packing house men and by placing the control under one head so arrange matters in the event of any difficulty arising concerted action may be relied upon. At a no very distant date an eight hour working day will be decided upon and a movement inaugurated in its favor. The object cannot be accomplished without a struggle and in order to successfully cope with the difficulties in the way organization is needed.

The final result in the matter may be ex-The final result in the matter may be expected in a week or two. The district master workman will in all probability be chosen from the Chicago delegation, while it is understood that Omaha and Kansas City each have a candidate for district worthy foreman and secretary. A St. Louis member is also understood to be a candidate for master workman. The name of the new district will be "The Packers of America," District No. —. The number of course to be designated by the general assembly. Mrs. Stewart, again supported myself with the needle. I changed my name in order that he might not find me. Oh, yes, I saw

HEALING WITHOUT MEDICINE.

Arise and Go Thy Way. "I say unto thee, arise, take up thy bed and go thy way into thine house, and immediately he arose, took up his bed, and went forth before them all." The audiences assembled at the Grand opera house during the past few weeks have been forcibly reminded of this passage of the holy writ as they saw one after another of the lame, halt and blind seek the powerful aid of Dr. French. What his gift of healing is, or what power he possesses cannot be satisfactorily explained, but the sense of hearing cannot be denied, and those who were present saw evidences of a healing power they could not comprehend. Cripples unable to walk have often laid aside their crutches, and the deaf whose ears had not heard in thirty years have been made to hear a whisper. Eyesight has been restored, and the most excruciatbeen restored, and the most excruciating pains have been relieved. The great wonder is that Dr. French performs his cures publicly, and all are invited to witness them. The poor are healed every Saturday from 9:30 to 10:30 o'clock. All diseases are treated, without medicine. The doctor, however, is a regular physician of emigent shifts. a regular physician of eminent ability. He may not allow the names of persons cured to be published hereafter, but invites all to come and see for themselves. It is really a touching sight to see hundreds of afflicted persons who throng the spacious halls to be cured by the truly wondrous magnetic touch of this great healer. His office parlors, 7 and 8 Arcade hotel, are daily filled with persons who are able and willing to pay for a cure. Consultations are free. Admission to the hall also free.

Miranda's Luck.

Miranda Hawkins, a servant girl in the employ of the Exchange hotel at South Omaha, came to the city yesterday at 9 o'clock to do some shopping. She had the savings of nearly four months, amounting to \$32, in a purse which she carried in a small hand bag. On her way down Tenth street the bag became opened and the purse fell to the ground. It was not until she reached Farnam street that the poor girl discovered her loss. With tears streaming down her cheeks she hastily retracted her steps and in the gutter at Tenth and Jones streets she found her lost treasure. She is probably the happiest girl in Omaha to-day.

Incorporated For Two Years. The Simmonds Manufacturing company filed articles of incorporation with the county clerk yesterday. The business of the company will be the erection of buildings under contract, and the manufacture of bank. saloon, office and school furniture. The capital stock is \$10,000, divided into 100 shares of \$100, each. The existence of the com-pauy is to be dated from March 1, 1888, and terminates February 28, 1890. The incorporators are as follows: Charles P. Simmonds. Charles R. Turney, Byron G. Burbank, George W. Parr, Charles F. Whitney, William France and John Schaub.

The Omaha Club.

The Omaha club has moved into its new tasty and palatial quarters in the top story of the United States National bank building. The furniture is now being put in place, but the rooms are not yet in the settled condition which the management contemplates, nor will they be before next Saturday at which time they will be ready for the inspection and appreciation of the members. They are unquestionably the finest Omaha has ever enjoyed. The carpeting and decorations of these palatial rooms were arranged under the skillful hands of Mr. Charlea Dickson, who has fitted up many of the most beautiful club rooms in the city.

Seidenberg's Figure is the only long Havana filled like cigar for oc on sale everywhere.

SHALL THE BONDS BE VOTED

That's What the County Commis

sioners Ask the Voters.

PERSUADED BY COUNCILMEN

Who Go Before the County's Legislature With Tales of Woe and the Story of Their Extravagance.

A Depleted Fund.

Councilmen Hascall, Lee, Ford, Lowry, Manville and Kierstead, by way of prelude to their conference with the county commissioners yesterday in reference to voting \$50,000 in county bonds for grading purposes held a little tongue set-too regarding municipal affairs, and there was considerable loud talk engaged in, which was finally silenced by Chairman O'Keeffe ringing the bell on them. Mr. O'Keeffe said that as he understood the object of the meeting it was to hear from a committee of the council in reference

to grading. Mr. Hascall replied that he did not under stand it that way. It occurred to him that he had read it in the newspapers that the commissioners contemplated a call for an election for voting \$50,000 in bonds for grad-

Mr. O'Keeffe responded by saying that the commissioners had contemplated nothing of the kind, and furthermore they had never spoken on the subject. He had been consulted by Councilman Lee in reference to voting on the bonds, and he (O'Keeffe) had said to Lee that there was no legal obstacles in the way to prevent the commissioners

asking the legal voters of the county if they desired to vote the bonds.

Councilman Lee said that the general fund of the city was exhausted, and that the council came to the commissioners asking a favor. If any grading was to be done this year it was desirable that the county should stand her desirable that the county should stand her share of the expense, and it was his opinion that it would be a good investment.

County Commissioner Turner was of the belief that the county had about all the expenses it could stand, and he couldn't see how the county was to be benefited by grading in

the city.

Councilman Manville repeated Councilman
Lee's statement that the city finances were
somewhat depleted, and if any grading was
to be done this year the county would have to help the council out.
Councilman Hascall ridiculed and criticised
the people who had framed the city charter,

alleging that they did not have the financial experience necessary for such an undertaking. He alleged that the coun-cil would have to give up grading unless the county came in and helped them out, and he was positive that it would revert to the benefit of the county. For the council to stop grading would be a disaster to the city, and not a pleasant one to anticipate. The council, he confessed, had got themselves into a muddle over the city hall matter, but they expected to get out of the mire they had fallen into.

Councilman Kierstead said that the grad-ing of streets would lead to improvements, and he knew of two streets that would put up \$100,000 in buildings if they were graded. He thought Omaha could go a little deeper in its bonded debt, and he was confident that if the voting of \$50,000 was submitted to the people it would be unanimously carried.

Chairman O'Keefe was in favor of voting \$50,000, as he thought that sum expended in either grading in or out of the city would be a benefit to the property owner and laboring man. He also took occasion to give the extravagant councilmen an underhand slap by saying "that it was true that the county got

its work done cheaper than the city."

The councilmen went off on a new tack by talking upon the proposed \$300,000 bonds for the Omaha, Yankton & Northwestern railway. Manville congratulated the commis-sioners for going slow, and Ford said that \$100,000 spent in improving the county would be of more value to Omaha and Douglas county than would \$600,000 spent on a rail-

Dr. George Smith thought that the county

should not stand in with the expenditure of money for city purposes. It occurred to him that living in the west end of the county, money for city purposes. It occurred to him that living in the west end of the county, grading within or up to the corporate limits, would be of no benefit to him.

Councilman Hascall responded by saying that the doctor was actuated by sympathy for people outside of Omaha, whom Mr. Hascall had always had a desire to reach. The only way that this could be done was by grading and the expenditure opmoney. More progressiveness should actuate the people of Omaha and Douglas county and they shouldn't be afraid to spend a dollar.

Dr. Smith denied that he was opposed to improvements. Far from it. The idea he wished to convey was that the city charter gave the council authority to spend money and make levys for street improvements, which included grading, notwithstanding that the councilmen maintained that it did not.

Councilman Hascall insisted that the doctor did not have a correct knowledge of the stipulations of the charter. Councilman Kierstead spoke in the same strain, and was anxious to have the bonds voted.

Commissioner Turner confessed that he was at sea, and inquired of the councilmen if

they did not have power to make a levy for grading.

Councilman Kierstead replied that the cost of grading was paid out of the balance in the general fund, but that owing to an overlap the council could not fall back on

that this year.

The councilmen then took their leave, and the commissioners began the consideration of the proposition.

Commissioner Mount submitted the following resolution:

ing resolution:
Resolved, That it is the sense of this board that a proposition be submitted to the legal voters of Douglas county as follows: "Shall bonds of the county of Douglas be issued in the sum of \$50,000 for the purpose of grading the public highways of said county."
Commissioner Anderson moved that the resolution be referred to the committee on judiciary. This was seconded, but before a vote could be taken Mr. Mount arose and said that on account of the fact that he had proposed it and was chairman of the judiciary committee, he favored its going to some other committee, he favored its going to some other committee. On his motion it was turned over to the finance committee, and the commis-

BENCH AND BAR.

District Court. THE JURY DISAGREED.

sioners adjourned.

The jury in the case of the state against William Keiff, charged with robbery from person, after remaining out all night came into court yesterday morning and stated to Judge Groff that it was impossible to reach a verdict. The court then discharged the jurors. It is said that the jury stood nine to three for acquittal.

M'DONALD HAPPY.

D. R. McDonald, the young man arrested in Mexice and brought back to this city charged with several forgeries by the B. & M. company, and who at the last term of court pleaded guilty, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Goff to one year in the penitentiary. For several days many influential citizens and prominent B. & M. officials have directed their influence toward securing a light sentence for the prisoner. It was repa light sentence for the prisoner. It was represented to the court that there were many mitigating circumstances which entitled the convict to mercy. McDonald of course is very happy over the court's leniency. He will only have to serve nine months, providing his behavior is good.

months, providing his behavior is good.

WANTS \$5,000.

Annie Maria Kundson, administratrix of the estate of her late husband. Nells Peter Kundson, who was killed on the Missouri Pacific road. October 17, 1887, has brought

on the east-bound run. The conductor on the way back west refused to accept said coupon and forcibly ejected Conniff at the transfer in Iowa.

A PROMISSORY NOTE SUIT.

Duhme & Co. began suit yesterday to recover from Mesars. Moesta & Zeitter \$1,009.44 on a promissory note.

on a promissory note.

JOHN WANTS DAMAGES,

John Lawnstrom, in his complaint against the city water works to recover damages in the sum of \$1,995, alleges that while in the employ of the company he was injured by the giving away of a derrick which the company erected for hoisting and lowering of the water mains. They represented to the plaintiff that the derrick was perfectly stout and safe, all of which the complainant alleges they knew was not true. leges they knew was not true.

The colored man Delahay was put on trial yesterday before Judge Hopewell for burglarizing the barber shop of S. P. Emmel. A number of witnesses were sworn on both sides, and the jury, after a short deliberation returned a verdict of guilty. Delahay was sent back to sail to await sentence. sent back to jail to await sentence.

Sent back to jair to await sentence.

Suit Against The city.

Yesterday afternoon a jury was impanneled in the personal damage suit of Rosana Sexauer against the city of Omaha, and the taking of evidence will commence be-

and the taking of evidence will commence before Judge Doane this morning.

TROUBLE OVER A CHECK.

Judge Wakely was busy yesterday taking testimony in the suit of McCague Bros., bankers, against C. S. Raymond, the jeweler. The action involves a check for over \$498, which Raymond gave and which was cashed by the McCagues, who, in turn, when they sent it to the bank on which the check was drawn, were told that payment had been stopped: This occurred in 1884, when Raymond was made the victim of a sharper, who after buying \$500 in jewelry tendered in payment a draft for \$1,000 on a bank in Des Moines, reciving in change Raymond's check. Soon after the disappearance of the sharper Raymond discovered that he had been duped and immediately took steps to have the payment of the check stopped at his bank.

BIG FRANK'S PAL.
William Crawford, who is charged with
complicity in the highway robbery of which
Frank Jones was convicted, comes up for
trial this morning before Judge Groff.

Police Court.

Yesterday was the lightest morning for over gear, out one drunk and no vagrants. There were several cases on warrants, however, among which was that of Dan Perkens, for larceny. He was fined \$5 and costs. Frank Rush and Joe Rich were up for fast driving. They were mulcted in the sum of \$12.50 each. County Attorney Simeral conducted the case of the state vs James Murphy, who was arraigned before Judge Berka charged with attempting to corrupt a witness, Frank Field, in the case of the state vs Frank Jones, alias "Big Frank," for highway robbery. Murphy, Field and Jones were all immates of the jail. Field being held as a witness, and several days before "Big Frank's" trial, Murphy approached Field, and told him that if he would not testify against "Big Frank' he would see that he, Field, got his watch They were mulcted in the sum of \$12.50 each would not testify against "Big Frank" he would see that he, Field, got his watch and \$50 back. This is the property Field was "heid up" for by Big Frank. This all came out in the latter's trial, and on Murphy's release from jail this morning he was rearrested on the charge above stated. He pleaded innocence of any intentional wrong, and begged to be allowed to go. The court, however, held that he was old enough to know right from wrong, and besides this was a consort of desperate criminals, and bound a consort of desperate criminals, and bound him over in the sum of \$300.

Real Estate Transfers. D C Patterson and wife to E L Andrews, lots 8 9 16 17, Fayette park wd...

Milton H Goble trustee, Edward F
Trapp, lot 21 blk 1, lot 21 blk 31,
Bowling Green add, wd.

Silas H H Clark trustee to W G Shriver, lots 5 6 blk 9. West Side, wd...

Wm E Foster to Albert M Hopkins,
lot 8 blk "H," Lowe's 1st, wd.

Home Investment Co to Edward G
Polk, lot 54 blk 4, Northfield, wd...

Inex Christiansen and husband to Wm
H Thompson, lot 9 blk 12, Omaha
View, wd... H Thompson, lot 9 blk 12, Omaha View, wd.
L V. Morse et al. to A P & G H Cone, lot 6 blk 1. Omaha View, wd....
W A L Gibbon, trustee, to the public plat of Burdette court record.
John Burleigh and wife to William R. Drummond, lot 4, blk "H," Saunders & Himebaugh's add, wd...
West Farnam st Bidg assn to John P. Williams, lot 5, blk 15, Highland place, wd...

Kountze place, w d... Mary H McCulloch to John F Flack, undiv 34 lot 14, blk 8. Plainview, W H Hickman and wife to A N Mills paugh, lot 10, blk 6, 1st add to So Omaha, w d. A N Millspaugh and wife to Freder-3,200 ick Delione, lot 10, blk 6, 1st add to So Omaha, w d... William A Gardner et al to Richard E

William A Gardner et al to Richard E.
Timme, w 14 lot 16 blk C, Saunders
& Himebaugh's add, w d.
William B Cowles and wife to Dell R
Edwards, lot 22 blk 23, north side
add, w d.
Robert F Williams to Alice Gertrude Howard, lots 1, 2, 3, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 blk 1, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12 blk 4, Mt Pleasant add, wd 25,000 George F Niles and wife to Leroy Mayne, lot 2 blk 3, Helvidere, wd.. 800 Clifton E Mayne and wife to George F Niles, lot 2 blk 3, Belvidere, w d...

Twenty deeds.....\$44,375 Building Permits.

The following permits were issued yester day by the superintendent of buildings: J. H. Pageler, stable, Grant, near Twenty-fifth. \$200 Adolph Meyer, barn, 2318 Douglas... 170 Mrs. Barbara Swoboda, cottage, Twenty-seventh and Hickory..... 400

Three permits aggregating \$ 770

It is rumored that the supply of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is not equal to the demand. Druggists should prepare themselves for all emergencies as the people rely on them for this remedy. No preparation could have made such a reputation as Salvation Oil has, without intrinsic merit of the highest order. It kills pain. Price 25 cents.

OLD ST. VALENTINE. He Seems to be Fast Becoming a

Chestnut.
"Valentine day," said a letter carrier yester-day morning, "doesn't set our men praying in this office. On the contrary, it strongly incites some of us to ejaculations not all in keeping with politeness or morality. First because we are loaded to death, next because the directions on a number of the alleged saint's missives are entirely illegible and unreliable, and next, because, after losing time in handling and attempting to deliver them, we are forced to consign the trash to the receptacle for the dead-letter office. I would not be surprised if thousands of tender doves in this vicinity, who are expecting sentimental reminders of the day and expressions of lovers, ammerciation on to hed to sions of lovers' appreciation, go to bed to-night unvisited by the souvenir which they have been inspired to expect—and all because of lack of postage and good penmanship and correct superscription. This is the poorest Valentine day I've ever known. The old saint seems to have become a chestnut. Every year he's losing worshippers, and even now there are thousands of young folks who don't give fig for him."

The stores have made little ado about Val-entine day. Nearly all of them have brought into light old stocks and made attempts to

Pacific road. October 17, 1887, has brought suit to recover \$5,000 damages.

WANTS \$4,000 in PRECENTAGE.

Abraham H. Neiding, in his action filed yesterday, sets forth that he is a real estate broker and that some years ago he sold and traded a stock ranch for E. L. Lyon for which he was to get \$4,000 in percentage. This amount Lyon has refused to pay and he therefore asks for judgment in that sum.

THE UNION FACIFIC SUED.

William Conniff wants \$2,000 damages against the Union Pacific railway. He alleges that he bought a coupon teket, good from Olnaha to Council Bluffs and return, and that upon his way back he tendered a coupon previously detached by the conductor

southern points via Kansas City, to Chicago, and it will also be beneficial to the farmers and shippers of Nebraska. The new rate frem Omaha to Chicago will be 12c.

Peace on Earth Awaits that countless army of martyrs, whose ranks are constantly recruited from the victims of nervousness and nervous diseases. The price of the boon is a systematic course of Hostetter's Stom-ach Bitters, the finest and most genial of tonic nervines, pursued with reasonable persistence. Easier, pleasanter and safer this than to swash the victuallins department with pseudo-tonics, alcoholic or the reverse, beef extracts, nerve foods, narcotics, sedatives and poisons in disguise. "Tired Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is the providential recu-perant of weak nerves, and this glorious franchise being usually the conse-quences of sound digestion and inreased vigor, the great stomachic which insures both, is productive also of re-pose at the required time. Not unre-freshed awakens the individual who uses it, but vigorous, clear headed and tranquil. Use the Bitters also in fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney troubles, constipation and billiousness.

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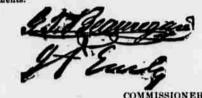
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